

Ultrafinitism and epistemic limitations

András Kornai

Ultrafinitism: Physics, Mathematics, and Philosophy
Columbia University, April 12 2005

We use finite automata/transducers to model slow Turing Machines (sTMs) hobbled by epistemic limitations as to cpu, bandwidth, and memory. Our primary case is System I reasoning, natural language understanding in particular, rather than the extended deductive chains typical of System II reasoning. We obtain explicit lower (10^{20}) and upper (10^{40}) bounds on the size of the mathematical universe, considerably smaller than the classic $10^{10^{10}}$ Parikh bound. In line with Gewirth's ethical rationalism we argue that in a world populated by finite automata these cannot be denied fundamental rights. The automata are discussed in <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2503.22000> and for the implications for AI safety see <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2303.00752>

Gewirth, Alan (1978). *Reason and morality*. University of Chicago Press.

Parikh, Rohit (1971). "Existence and feasibility in arithmetic". In: *Journal of Symbolic Logic* 36.3, pp. 494–508.