

# Algebraic methods in the study of languages and large language models

LaCo Foundational  
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## Abstract

2023 has seen the confluence of the New Minimalist Program (Marcolli, Chomsky, and Berwick, 2023; Marcolli, Berwick, and Chomsky, 2023a; Marcolli, Berwick, and Chomsky, 2023b; Chomsky et al., 2023) and the analysis of Large Language Models by Hopf Algebras (Nemecek, 2023). The goal of this course is to enable non-specialists, both traditional linguists who want to understand the new MP, and computational linguists, logicians, and others interested in LLMs, to approach this emerging body of work.

**Lecture 1** Overview of earlier algebraic theories. The AI tradition (Quillian, 1969; Minsky, 1975; Sondheimer, Weischedel, and Bobrow, 1984; Pereira, 2012) used (hyper)graphs. The logic tradition begins with (Ajdukiewicz, 1935; Lambek, 1958; Lambek, 2004) and goes towards Frobenius Algebras (Coecke, Sadrzadeh, and Clark, 2010; Kartsaklis, 2014). The computational tradition (Shieber, 2006; Kornai, 2010; Abend and Rappoport, 2013; Banarescu et al., 2013) explores the connection between term rewriting and machine states (Koller and Kuhlmann, 2012). We outline the conceptual core common to all these in terms of algebra.

**Lecture 2** Linear and multilinear algebra. We summarize standard material on vector spaces, matrixes, dimension, rank, inner products, eigenvalues/eigenvectors/eigenspaces, and tensor products. Data compression, PCA, LDA, SVMs. What are word vectors (Schütze, 1993; Collobert et al., 2011), and how to compute them from corpus data.

**Lecture 3** Machine learning, deep learning. Classical neural nets (McCulloch and Pitts, 1943; Little, 1974; Smolensky, 1990) and their (linear) algebra. Sequence learning, transformers (Vaswani et al., 2017).

**Lecture 4** Foundations of algebra, both classical (set theoretical) and modern (category theoretical). The axiomatic method at the bottom of both. Algebras, bialgebras, Frobenius algebras, Hopf algebras. Automata, transducers, Eilenberg machines.

**Lecture 5** AI safety. Alignment, LoRA, safety without alignment (Kornai, Bukatin, and Zombori, 2023)

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